



***Deliberate and specific retrieval of expected prior knowledge (be specific)***

Retrieval should occur regularly throughout the learning journey:

KS3

- Definition of an atom, element and compound
- A simple (Dalton) atomic model.
- Differences between an atom, element and compound.
- Chemical symbols and formulae for elements and compound.

***Academic transformation (be specific)***

Your core curriculum must do all of the following:

- Describe the structure of an atom, including the mass and charge of each sub-atomic particle.
- Draw the electron configuration of the first 20 elements.
- Define an isotopes.
- Draw and describe how an atom becomes an ion.
- Describe the history of the atom.
- Describe the observations when group 1 metals are added to water.
- Explain the trend in reactivity down group 1.
- Describe the appearance of group 7 elements and explain the trend in reactivity down group 7.
- Complete displacement reactions using group 7 elements.
- Balance chemical equations.
- Describe the history of the periodic table.

***Personal transformation (2 or 3)***

***Can I Learning Questions***

- *Can I describe the structure of the atom?*
- *Can I explain how an atom becomes an ion?*
- *Can I compare the sub-atomic particles in two isotopes?*
- *Can I describe how the atom has changed over time?*
- *Can I describe and explain the trend in reactivity down group 7?*
- *Can I balance a chemical equation?*

***Literacy***

***Key vocabulary***

*Proton, electron, neutron, nucleus, isotopes, lose, gain, ion, trend, increase, decrease, reactivity, electrostatic, solid, liquid, gas, atom, molecule, compound.*

• ***Disciplinary reading***

***Classroom talk***

***Misconceptions (5 or 6 examples)***

- When an atom loses an electron it becomes a positive ion.